



NUMBER ONE

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مراجعة الوحدة الأولى

Information Technology



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TENSES

1. Present simple

-S + v1 base / v1+s/es
S+ don't / doesn't + V base

Do / Does + S + V base ?

keywords : usually / sometimes /
always / never / every / daily /
weekly / monthly / yearly / once a /
Twice a / times a

2. Past Simple

2-Past Simple

S+ v2

S+ didn't + base

Did + S + base ?

Keywords: Yesterday/ ago /
in + تاريخ ماضي / Last

3. Present continuous

S+ is / am / are + v1+ing

keywords: now / at the moment /
nowadays / at this time / Be careful !/
listen ! / look !

4. Past continuous

4-Past continuous

S+ was / were + ing

keywords:

v2 while / as was / were+ ing
was / were + ing when v2

2. Past perfect

S+ had + v3

Keywords:

Before / By the time v 2 , had +v3

After / because had +v3 , v 2

By + دليل ماضي had +v3

6. Future simple

form1 : will + base

Keywords:

(hope/ think/ maybe / perhaps ...) +
مؤشر مستقبل

form : is / am / are + going to + base
evidence / proof / plan / schedule +
مستقبل

“SOMETIMES LIFE DOESN'T GIVE YOU WHAT YOU WANT , NOT BECAUSE YOU DON'T
DESERVE IT , BUT BECAUSE YOU DESERVE MORE ”





GRAMMAR...

- Reported Speech :

تمييزه من

"....." / said / told

1- تحويل الضمائر

2- تحويل الزمن

3- تحويل الظروف

ولا تنسى ملاحظتنا الفخمة

وانت بتحل

- Passive Voice:

- نمط السؤال اعد كتابه او ضع

دائرة

تمييزه في اعد الكتابه من

المفعول به

تمييزه في الضع دائرة من خلال

.....

.....

متفرقات

1- causative

S + (had) + object + v3

asked someone to

2-Possibility

might 50% (perhaps / possible/ unsure ..)

must 100% (/ sure)

can't 0% (/ sure + not)

3-أفعال المنع- Prohibition

it isn't necessary to = don't / doesn't have

..... to

It is necessary to = have to / has to

You aren't allowed to = mustn't

ملاحظاتك من البث If Clause

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

I think you should = If I were you , I would

.....

to make (If clause type zero)

Want ,afford + to+v1

Stop+v-1ing

اعد الكتابة ماضي تام

..... and then ,

Before

After





TEXTS 01

UNIT 01

تاريخ الحاسوب

01

a metal machine
(in Greece , 2000 years)

02

1940s (the first generation of
modern computers / first computer
program)

One such model (so large 167-
metres)

03

time (25 minutes to complete one
calculation)

06

aspects of everyday life will rely on
a computer program (how we
travel , how our homes are heated)

05

new inventions related to
computers : watches and Glasses

04

the inventions that were completed between 1958-2007
(1. computer chip 2. computer game 3. computer mouse 4.
floppy disk 5. PC 6.Laptop 7. WWW 8.Smartphones)





TEXTS 02

UNIT 01

استعمال التكنولوجيا في الصف

Features for information
(interesting and challenging)

01

White board (as a computer
screen)

02

Internet can be used by teachers for
different purposes (show educational
programmers, play educational games,
music, recordings of languages)

03

The benefits of tablet computers
(showing photographs, researching
information, recording interviews and
creating diagrams)

04

Blogs (either about their own lives
or as if they were someone famous)

05

The contribution of students to their
websites (they can post work,
photos and messages)

06

using social media by young people (
send each other photos and messages)

07

Email exchanges

08

The uses of camera in computers (you can also see the
people you are talking to, to invite guest speakers to give
talks over a computer)

09





TEXTS 03

UNIT 01

انترنت الأشياء



01

Examples about internet of things (your TV automatically downloads your favorite TV show, or your 'sat nav' system tells you where you are)

02

computers will increasingly run our lives for us (Fridge-window-watch-Sofa)

03

the 'Internet of Things' has two advantages to our lives (easier and more comfortable)

04

the 'Internet of Things' has two disadvantages to our lives (if criminals managed to access their passwords and security settings.)





Know about	يعرف عن
connect with	يرتبط مع
turn on	يشغل
turn off	يطفئ
give out	يقدم شيء
fill in	يملأ



1- share ideas: to give your ideas to another person or to a group

compare ideas: where two or more people consider how their ideas are similar or different

2- create a website: to construct a website that currently does not exist

contribute to a website: offer your writing and work to the website.

3- research information: to use a variety of sources to find the information you need

present information: to give the results of your research in a presentation

4- monitor what is happening: you know what is happening and you are following the developments

find out what is happening: you don't know what is happening and you want to discover it

5- give a talk to people: you have prepared a speech and you are giving this speech to a group of people who are expecting it

talk to people: an informal discussion

6- show photos: you show people photos that you have in person

send photos: you send photos to someone over the Internet or by post

“YOU CAN'T GO BACK AND CHANGE THE BEGINNING, BUT YOU CAN START WHERE YOU ARE AND CHANGE THE ENDING “.





Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences and write down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

- 1- My children often to school early with their friends .
(go / went / will go / had gone)
- 2- The latest historical on the old theater many times last week .
(had displayed / is displayed / was displayed / were displayed)
- 3- I think you should send a text message .
The sentence that has a similar meaning to the one above is :
A- If I were you , I will send a text message .
B- If I were you , I will not send a text message .
C- If I were you , I would send a text message .
D- If I were you , I wouldn't send a text message .
- 4- Before she went to the library ,Huda her mother to prepare lunch.
A- helped B- had helped C- was helping D- helps
- 5- I had my new apartmentbefore my birthday party.
(had decorated, decorating, decorated, decorates)
- 6- Salam her report when the light in her room switched itself off.
A) was typing B) is typing C) types D) was typed
- 7- About one billion smartphones Around the world every year .
A-sell B- is sold C- are sold D- were sold
- 8- I really can't afford my phone next month .
A- changes B- will change C- to change D- changed
- 9- I think humans to Mars in 2070.
A- will travel B- were going travel C- have travelled D- had been travelled
- 10- Many new parks in my town last year.
(was built, were built , would built , have built)
- 11- Rasha her friend's dictionary if she had her own dictionary.
A) borrowed B) will borrow C) wouldn't borrow D) will not borrow
- 12- Ibrahim his new dental clinic last week.
A) has / furnished B) had / furnished C) is / furnished D) was / furnished
- 13- Some medicine for my grandfather to treat migraine monthly.
A) prescribes B) will prescribe C) are prescribed D) is prescribed





14-is to construct a website that currently does not exist.

- A) Monitor a website B) Share a website C) Create a website D) Compare a website

15- Rayan had his computer as it had stopped working.

- A) is repaired B) repaired C) was repaired D) will repair

16- Many wild animals become more aggressive when they

- A) are captured B) capturing C) had been captured D) has captured

17- Ghina her bedroom when her friends arrived to her house.

- A) is cleaning B) were cleaning C) was cleaning D) will be cleaning

18- Jawad worked very hard for several years, and then he bought a new car.

The sentence which has a similar meaning to the one above is:

- A) Before Jawad had bought a new car, he worked very hard for several years.
B) Before Jawad had worked very hard for several years, he bought a new car.
C) Before Jawad worked very hard for several years, he had bought a new car.
D) Before Jawad bought a new car, he had worked very hard for several years.

19- "I have been to Baghdad three times with my family."

The sentence which has a similar meaning to the one above is:

- A) Ban told Sameera that they have been to Baghdad three times with my family.
B) Ban told Sameera that I had been to Baghdad three times with your family.
C) Ban told Sameera that we have been to Baghdad three times with her family.
D) Ban told Sameera that she had been to Baghdad three times with her family.

20- The workers at the moment. They're on a break.

- A- weren't working B- aren't working C- don't work D- aren't worked

21- In the past , most letters by hand , but these days they are usually typed.

- A- are written B- was written C- were written D- wrote

22- The window of my car last night in the street .

(broke / is broken / were broken / was broken)

23- You worked all the day . you be tired .

(must / can't / might)

24- Eid Al-Adha is a celebration that on the 10th of Thu-Al-Hijjah according to the Islamic Calendar. (begin)

25- You Switch off the screen . It is necessary .

- A- don't have to B- doesn't have to C- have to D- has to





WORD	MEANING IN ENGLISH	MEANING IN ARABIC
Calculation	a way of using numbers in order to find out an amount, price or value	حسابات
Computer chip	a small piece inside a computer which stores information via an electric current	شريحة / رقاقة كمبيوتر
Floppy disk	a flexible , removable magnetic disk that stores computer information	قرص مرن
Pc	an abbreviation for personal computer, a computer that is used by one person at a time	الكمبيوتر الشخصي
Program	a set of instruction enabling by computer to function	برنامج كمبيوتر
Smartphone	a mobile phone with advanced computing technology social media	هاتف ذكي
World Wide Web	an information system , known as the Internet , which allows documents to be connected to other documents, and for people to search for information by moving from one document to another	الشبكة العنكبوتية العالمية
Blog	regularly updated personal website or Online diary	مفكرة على الانترنت
Email exchange	a series of emails between two or more people	تبادل المعلومات بالبريد الالكتروني
Social media	social interaction between people	وسائل التواصل
Tablet computer	a mobile computer , with a touch screen, processor and battery all in one unit	الكمبيوتر لوحي
White board	A touchscreen computer program that enables you to draw sketches	لوح تعليمي ابيض





WORD	MEANING IN ENGLISH	MEANING IN ARABIC
Post	To put a message or document on the internet so that other people can see it	ينشر
Connect	join	يربط
Downloads	an amount of data downloaded in a single operation	تنزيلات
Nightmare	Frightening dream	كابوس
Communicate with	Speake to	يتواصل مع
Sat nav system	Satellite navigation system	نظام الملاحة الفضائية
Access	To find information , especially on a computer	يدخل / يصل إلى
Filter	A program that checks whether certain content on a web page should be displayed to the viewer	مصفاة/فلتر
Identity fraud	Illegal action using the identity of someone .else , normally to buy things	انتحال الهوية الرقمية
Privacy setting	Control available on social networking sites which let you decide who can see what information	إعدادات الخصوصية
Security setting	Controls available on computer programs which let you protect your computer from viruses	إعدادات الأمان

لا تنسى امتحان يوم الجمعة : امتحان الكتروني شامل على الوحدة الاولى
سيتوفر على بروفايل الاستاذ : محمد مشعل

